NOTES: Finding GCF of Polynomials:

## QUESTIONS:

NOTES:
Vocab Factors: Numbers that multiply together to get another number

Greatest Common Factor: the highest number that divides exactly into two or more numbers

When you distribute you $\qquad$ . The terms
being multiplied are called $\qquad$ of the product.

When you factor you $\qquad$ . To do this you find
the $\qquad$ of each
term and then divide each term with it.

## EXAMPLES

Find the GCF of the numbers

Find the GCF of the variables

1. 16,24
2. 15,60
3. $21,36,9$
4. $x^{2}, x^{7}$
5. $x y^{3}, x^{5} y^{4}$
6. $a^{6} b^{3} c, a^{3} b^{2} c^{4}$

Find the GCF of the monomials:

1. GCF of coefficients
2. GCF of variables
3. $14 x^{2} y, \quad 20 x^{3} y^{2} z$
4. $12 x y^{2}, 40 x^{4}$
5. $8 x^{5}, 24 x^{3}, 16 x^{7}$
