

Graph the system below by filling in the table for each equation. Plot the x and y coordinates.

$$\begin{cases} 2y - 4x = 2 \\ 6x - 9y = 27 \end{cases}$$

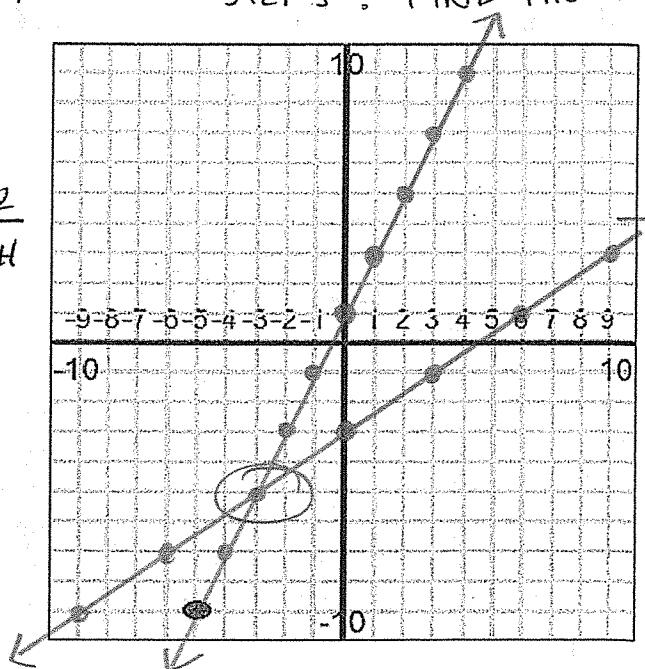
$$2y - 4x = 2$$

x	y
-5	-9
-1	-1
0	1
3	7

$$6x - 9y = 27$$

x	y
-9	-9
-6	-7
0	-3
3	-1

STEP 2  
GRAPH



STEP 1 : SOLVE FOR Y.  
( $y = mx + b$ )

STEP 2 : GRAPH EACH LINE

STEP 3 : FIND THE INTERSECTION.

STEP 1 : REWRITE/SOLVE FOR Y.

$$\begin{array}{r} 2y - 4x = 2 \\ +4x \quad +4x \\ \hline 2y = 4x + 2 \\ \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{4x}{2} + \frac{2}{2} \end{array}$$

$$y = 2x + 1$$

$$m = 2$$

$$b = 1$$

Solution to the system:

$$(-3, -5)$$

STEP 3

INTERSECTION

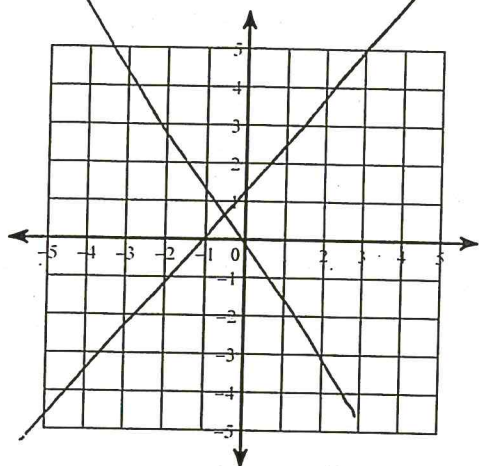
$$\begin{array}{r} 6x - 9y = 27 \\ -6x \quad -6x \\ \hline -9y = -6x + 27 \\ \frac{-9y}{-9} = \frac{-6x}{-9} + \frac{27}{-9} \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - 3$$

$$m = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$b = -3$$

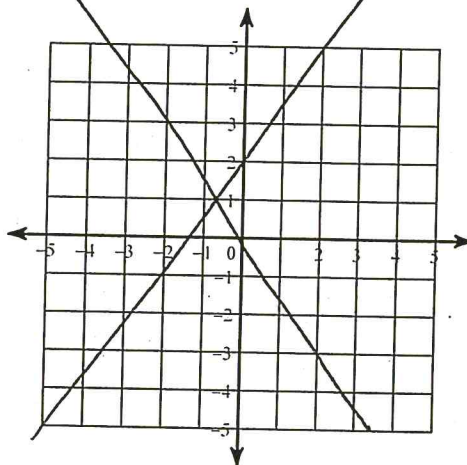
$$9) \begin{cases} y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 4 \\ y = \frac{3}{2}x - 2 \end{cases}$$



Solution

$$(2, -1)$$

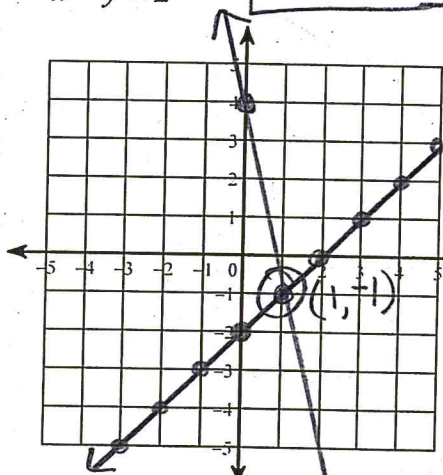
$$y = \frac{1}{4}x + 3$$



Solution

$$(4, 2)$$

$$11) \begin{cases} 5x + y = 4 \\ x - y = 2 \end{cases}$$



Solution

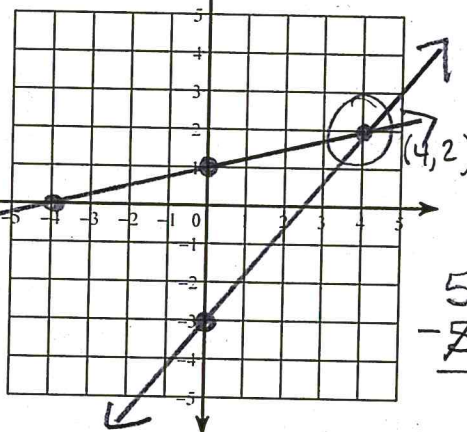
$$(-1, 4)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x + y = 4 \\ -5x \quad -5x \\ \hline y = -5x + 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x - y = 2 \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline -y = -x + 2 \\ \hline y = x - 2 \end{array}$$

$$y = x - 2$$

$$12) \begin{cases} x - 4y = -4 \\ 5x - 4y = 12 \end{cases}$$



Solution

$$(-2, -4)$$

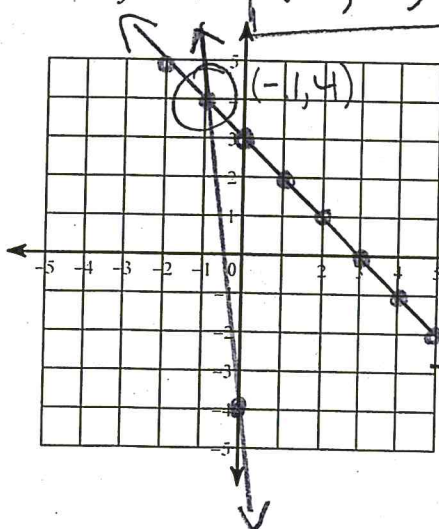
$$\begin{array}{r} x - 4y = -4 \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline -4y = -x - 4 \\ \hline y = \frac{1}{4}x + 1 \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x + 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 4y = 12 \\ -5x \quad -5x \\ \hline -4y = -5x + 12 \\ \hline y = \frac{5}{4}x - 3 \end{array}$$

$$y = \frac{5}{4}x - 3$$

$$13) \begin{cases} x + y = 3 \\ 8x + y = -4 \end{cases}$$



Solution

$$(-1, 4)$$

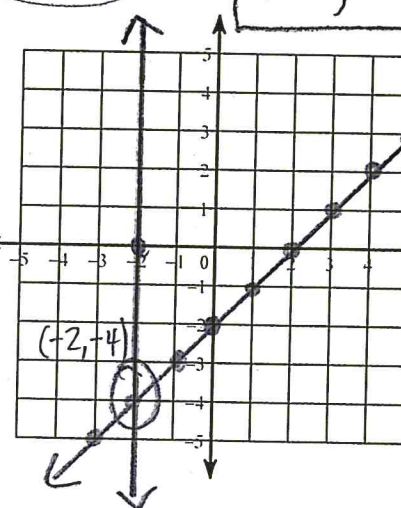
$$\begin{array}{r} x + y = 3 \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline y = -x + 3 \end{array}$$

$$y = -x + 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8x + y = -4 \\ -8x \quad -8x \\ \hline y = -8x - 4 \end{array}$$

$$y = -8x - 4$$

$$14) \begin{cases} x - y = 2 \\ x = -2 \end{cases}$$



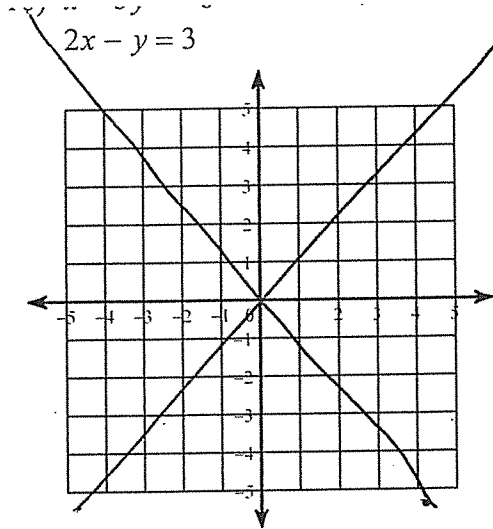
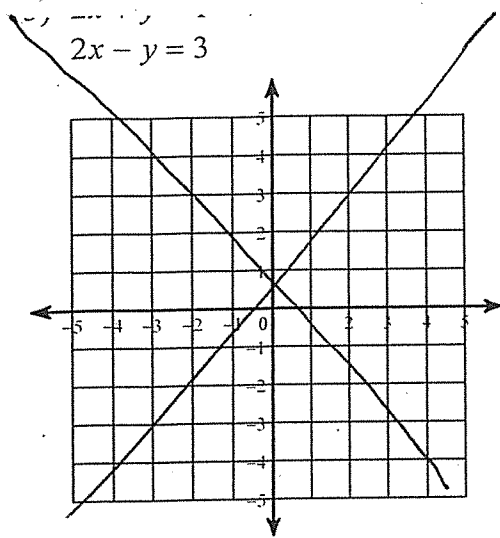
Solution

$$(-2, -4)$$

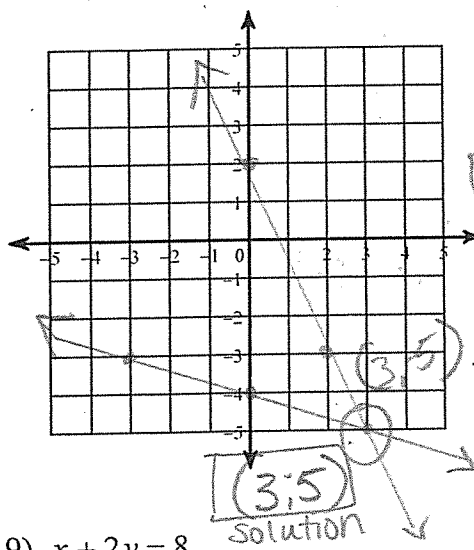
$$\begin{array}{r} x - y = 2 \\ -x \quad -x \\ \hline -y = -x + 2 \\ \hline y = x - 2 \end{array}$$

$$y = x - 2$$

$$y = x - 2$$



17)  $x + 3y = -12$   
 $5x - 3y = -6$

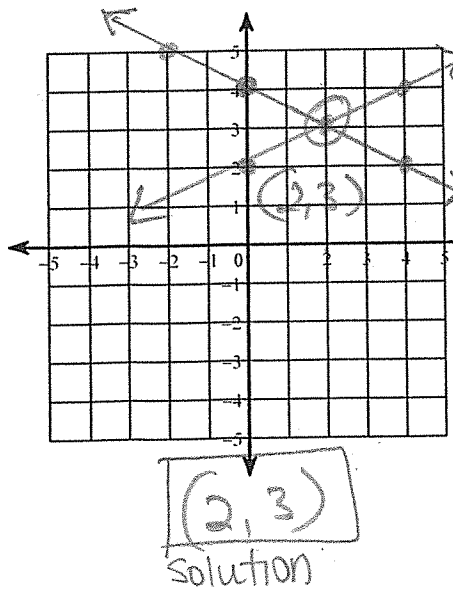


$x + 3y = -12$   
 $-x$   
 $3y = -x - 12$

$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-x}{3} - \frac{12}{3}$   
 $y = \frac{-x}{3} - 4$

$5x - 3y = -6$   
 $-5x$   
 $-3y = -5x - 6$   
 $\frac{-3y}{-3} = \frac{-5x}{-3} - \frac{6}{-3}$   
 $y = \frac{5}{3}x + 2$

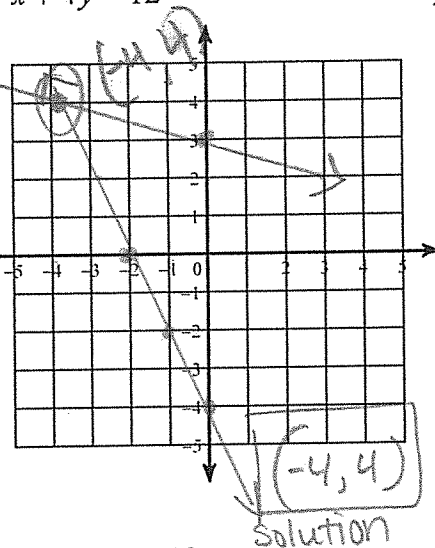
19)  $x + 2y = 8$   
 $x - 2y = -4$



$x + 2y = 8$   
 $-x$   
 $2y = -x + 8$   
 $\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-x}{2} + \frac{8}{2}$   
 $y = \frac{-x}{2} + 4$

$x - 2y = -4$   
 $-x$   
 $-2y = -x - 4$   
 $\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-x}{-2} - \frac{4}{-2}$   
 $y = \frac{x}{2} + 2$

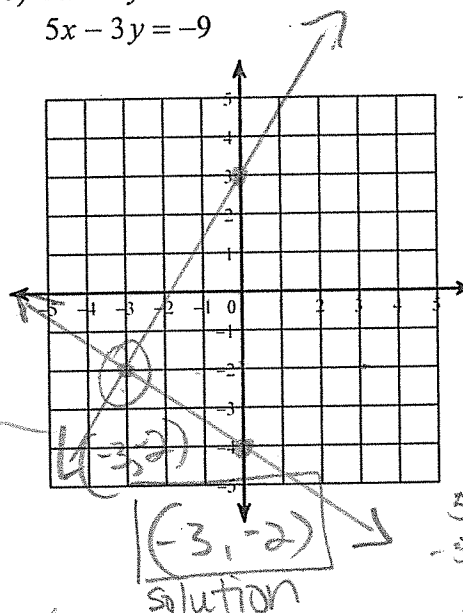
18)  $2x + y = -4$   
 $x + 4y = 12$



$2x + y = -4$   
 $-2x$   
 $y = -2x - 4$

$x + 4y = 12$   
 $-x$   
 $4y = -x + 12$   
 $\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-x}{4} + \frac{12}{4}$   
 $y = \frac{-x}{4} + 3$

20)  $2x + 3y = -12$   
 $5x - 3y = -9$



$2x + 3y = -12$   
 $-2x$   
 $3y = -2x - 12$   
 $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-2x}{3} - \frac{12}{3}$   
 $y = \frac{-2}{3}x - 4$

$5x - 3y = -9$   
 $-5x$   
 $-3y = -5x - 9$   
 $\frac{-3y}{-3} = \frac{-5x}{-3} - \frac{9}{-3}$   
 $y = \frac{5}{3}x + 3$

